

TABLE 169.567(a)—Continued

Space protected	Total number extinguishers required	Type extinguishers permitted		Coast Guard classification
		Medium	Minimum size	
Propulsion machinery space without fixed CO <sub>2</sub> or halon system.	Carbon dioxide. 4 pounds .....			
	B-I..			
	2 .....	Dry chemical ..... Halon 1211 or 1301 ..... Foam .....	2 pounds. 2½ pounds. 2½ gallons.	
Galley (without fixed system).	Carbon dioxide. 15 pounds .....			
	B-II..			
	1 per 500 cu. ft .....	Dry chemical ..... Halon 1211 or 1301 ..... Foam .....	10 pounds ..... 10 pounds ..... 2½ gallons.	
		Carbon dioxide .....	15 pounds .....	B-II.
		Dry chemical ..... Halon 1211 or 1301 .....	10 pounds ..... 10 pounds .....	

(b) The Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, may permit the use of any approved fire extinguishers, including semiportable extinguishers, which provide equivalent fire protection.

(c) All portable fire extinguishers installed on vessels must be of an approved type.

(d) Portable fire extinguishers must be stowed in a location convenient to the space protected.

(e) Portable fire extinguishers must be installed and located to the satisfaction of the Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection.

(f) Portable fire extinguishers which are required to be protected from freezing must not be located where freezing temperatures may be expected.

(g) Each vessel must carry spare charges for at least 50 percent of each size and variety of hand portable extinguishers required. For units that cannot be readily recharged on the vessel, one spare extinguisher for each classification carried onboard must be provided in lieu of spare charges.

[CGD 83-005, 51 FR 897, Jan. 9, 1986; 51 FR 3785, Jan. 30, 1986, as amended by USCG-2014-0688, 79 FR 58287, Sept. 29, 2014]

**§ 169.569 Fire axes.**

(a) Each vessel must carry at least the number of fire axes set forth in Table 169.569(a). The Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection may require addi-

tional fire axes necessary for the proper protection of the vessel.

TABLE 169.569(a)

Length		Number of axes
Over	Not over	
	65	0
65	90	1
90	120	2
120	150	3
150	.....	4

(b) Fire axes must be stowed so as to be readily available in the event of emergency.

(c) If fire axes are not located in the open or behind glass, they must be placed in marked enclosures containing the fire hose.

**§ 169.570 Lockout valves.**

(a) A lockout valve must be provided on any carbon dioxide extinguishing system protecting a space over 6,000 cubic feet in volume and installed or altered after [July 9, 2013. “Altered” means modified or refurbished beyond the maintenance required by the manufacturer’s design, installation, operation and maintenance manual.

(b) The lockout valve must be a manually operated valve located in the discharge manifold prior to the stop valve or selector valves. When in the closed position, the lockout valve must